Minnesota Senior Health Options (MSHO)
2018 Model of Care Training
Welcome to the
MSHO 2018 Model of Care Training

Minnesota Senior Health Options (MSHO) is a Fully Integrated Dual Eligible Special Needs Plan in which Medicaid, Medicare and Long Term Services and Support benefits are integrated into one benefit package.

- HealthPartners contracts with the Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS) and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to administer the MSHO program.

The MSHO Model of Care describes the management, procedures, and operational systems that HealthPartners has in place to provide access to services, coordination of care and the structure needed to best provide services and care for the MSHO population.
What is the MSHO 2018 Model of Care Training?

Model of Care training is required for employed and contracted personnel who work with MSHO patients/product

Ensure staff and providers have knowledge of the MSHO population and the HealthPartners Model of Care.

CMS requires that Model of Care Training be completed annually.
What are the Aspects to the Model?

- Care Coordinator
- Health Risk Assessment
- Individualize Care Plan
- Interdisciplinary Care Team
- Measurable Goals and Outcomes
- Care Transitions
Who can be an MSHO member?

- Lives in the HealthPartners 12 County Service Area
- Eligible for Medical Assistance (Medicaid)
- 65+ years of age
- Has both Medicare Parts A and B

Eligible for MSHO
What is an MSHO Care Coordinator?

• Every MSHO member is assigned to a Care Coordinator

• The Care Coordinator
  – Partners with members and/or their responsible party/caregiver to coordinate care
  – Is a licensed nurse or social worker
  – Helps members navigate the health care system
What does an MSHO Care Coordinator do?

- Conducts a Health Risk Assessment (HRA)
  - To identify health care and level of care needs

- Creates an Individualized Care Plan (ICP)
  - To ensure the member’s healthcare and long term services and support needs and preferences are met

- Collaborates with the Interdisciplinary Care Team (ICT)
  - Ensures information is shared across healthcare staff
**What is the Health Risk Assessment (HRA)?**

**HRA’s are completed:**
- Within 30 days of enrollment
- Within 365 days of the previous assessment
- Any time the member has a change in condition, such as a change in functional abilities.
- Completed either in person (preferably), telephonically, or by mail.

**HRA assess needs in the areas of:**
- Physical/medical
- Psychosocial
- Cognitive
- Functional
- Long Term Services and Supports

**RESULTS**
- Individualize Treatment Plan
- Referrals (MTM, Behavioral Health, Disease Management, Palliative Care, etc)
- Initiating Medicare, Medicaid and/or Long Term Services and Supports services
Individualized Care Plan (ICP)

The ICP addresses the member’s needs identified by the health risk assessment and includes:

- Additional supports and services
- Identifies members of the Interdisciplinary Care Team
- Member’s goals and objectives
Who are included in the Interdisciplinary Care Team?

The Interdisciplinary Care Team is a group of caregivers, providers, and possibly family members who assist in the provision of care.

The team is composed of:

- Member and/or appropriate family/caregiver
- MSHO Care Coordinator
- Primary Care Provider
- Other providers appropriate to specific health needs (Specialists, Pharmacist, Dentist, Long Term Services and Supports, etc.)
- Others as needed
How does the team work together?

The Care Coordinator works in partnership with the member and Interdisciplinary Care Team to develop, coordinate, and monitor the Individualized Care Plan on an ongoing basis. The Care Coordinator communicates the member’s progress toward health goals to the Interdisciplinary Care Team.

HealthPartners uses a variety of tools to ensure good communication among all Interdisciplinary Care Team members regarding a member’s health status. These include the electronic medical records when available, secure email, fax and other confidential correspondence that meet HIPAA requirements.
What is the MSHO Provider Network?

The MSHO program requires members to select a primary care clinician and then they can determine which health plan to enroll in based on who is in each plan’s network.

• MSHO is the only State Public Program that requires members to enroll with a primary care clinician in the preferred health plan’s network.

As MSHO is a fully integrated product, it offers a network that has all provider types covered by Medicare and Medicaid (primary care, behavioral health, specialty care, dental, DME, transportation, PCA and other providers) as well as leveraging the Department of Human Services Long Term Services and Supports network for Elderly Waiver (EW) services.

• This includes our HealthPartners and Park Nicollet Clinics, as well as other contracted providers.
What’s Happening Behind the Scenes?

There are many aspects of the Model of Care that occur behind the scenes.

The supporting structure of the Model of Care is composed of employed and contracted staff who perform administrative, clinical and oversight functions, such as:

- Enrollment processing and eligibility verification
- Adjudication of claims
- Member and provider customer service
- Management of contracts with a variety of providers
- Regulatory compliance
- Professional staff credentialing
- Development and evaluation of standards of care
- Data collection and analysis of program goals
CMS requires plans to identify and define measurable goals and health outcomes which include:

- Improving the health care needs of the member
- Measuring overall member health outcomes at the plan level
- Methods to assess and track the Model of Care impact on the members health outcomes
- Processes and procedures the plan will use to determine if health outcome goals are met
What are our Measurable Goals?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Goal</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meet 100% of Required Access Standards</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maintain Zero Premium</td>
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<tr>
<td>Achieve 1% increase from previous year of HRA’s completed within 90 days of initial enrollment</td>
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<tr>
<td>Achieve 1% increase of HRA’s completed within 365 days of previous HRA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Achieve 1% increase from previous year post-discharge assessments for beneficiaries</td>
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<td>Improve medication management to reduce 30-day readmissions by 7%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Improve Osteoporosis Management by 1%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Improve Breast Cancer Screening by 5%</td>
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HealthPartners®
What is the Quality Performance Improvement Plan?

HealthPartners annually creates a quality performance improvement plan to ensure that appropriate services are being delivered.

Data are collected, analyzed, and evaluated to ensure overall performance of the improvement plan.

HealthPartners Quality Program is based on the Triple Aim to simultaneously improve:

- The Health of the MSHO population
- The affordability of health care
- The experience of the MSHO members
Minnesota Senior Health Options (MSHO) is a Fully Integrated Dual Eligible Special Needs Plan in which Medicaid, Medicare and Long Term Services and Support benefits are integrated into one benefit package.

True

Minnesota Senior Health Options (MSHO) brings separate health care programs and supports together in one package. It combines Medicaid, Medicare and Long Term Services and Support benefits.
CMS requires Model of Care training annually. Who is not required to take the training?

A. Employees
B. Members
C. Contracted/Non-contracted providers

B. Members

Model of Care training is required for employed and contracted personnel who work with MSHO patients/product.
Question

Which statement regarding membership in MSHO is incorrect?

A. Members must be 65 years of age or older
B. Members must be eligible for Medical Assistance (Medicaid)
C. Members must be diagnosed with End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)
D. Members must have both Medicare Parts A and B

C. Members must be diagnosed with End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)

To be eligible for MSHO, Members must be 65 years of age or older, eligible for Medical Assistance (Medicaid), have both Medicare Parts A and B and live in the HealthPartners 12 county service area.
The Interdisciplinary Care Team is composed of many individuals who assist in the provision of care as needed. Who is NOT part of the Interdisciplinary Care Team?

A. Specialists
B. Member
C. Care Coordinator
D. Clinic Receptionist
E. Primary Care Provider

D. Clinic Receptionist

The team is composed of:
- Member and/or appropriate family/caregiver
- MSHO Care Coordinator
- Primary Care Provider
- Other providers appropriate to specific health needs (Specialists, Pharmacist, Dentist, Long Term Services and Supports, etc.)
- Others as needed
The MSHO provider network is composed of:

A. Primary, specialty and dental care providers
B. Geriatric, hospital, acute and post-acute rehabilitation providers
C. Long-term care providers
D. Long Term Services and Supports providers
E. All of the above.

E. All of the above

As MSHO is a fully integrated product, it offers a network that has all provider types covered by Medicare and Medicaid (primary care, behavioral health, specialty care, dental, DME, transportation, PCA and other providers) as well as leveraging the Department of Human Services Long Term Services and Supports network for Elderly Waiver (EW) services.
HealthPartners has a supportive structure of employed and contracted staff that perform administrative, clinical and oversight functions. This structure consists of:

- Enrollment processing & eligibility verification
- Adjudication of claims
- Member and provider customer services
- Regulatory compliance
- Professional staff credentialing
- Data collection and analysis of program goals

TRUE:

There are many aspects of the Model of Care that occur behind the scenes.

The supporting structure of the Model of Care is composed of employed and contracted staff who perform administrative, clinical and oversight functions.
CMS requires plans to identify and define measurable goals and health outcomes for the Model of Care.

**TRUE:**

CMS requires plans to identify and define measurable goals and health outcomes which include:

- Improving the health care needs of the member
- Measuring overall member health outcomes at the plan level
- Methods to assess and track the Model of Care impact on the members health outcomes
- Processes and procedures the plan will use to determine if health outcome goals are met
Thank you for taking the time to learn more about MSHO and HealthPartners Model of Care.