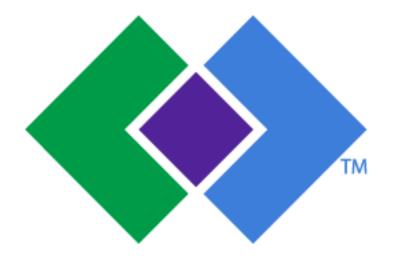
August 6<sup>th</sup>, 2020

## HealthPartners/Bluestone Training



## Agenda

- 1. Clinic Closures
- 2. Transitional HRA
- 3. PCA Process Updates
- 4. Housing Stabilization Services
- 5. RSTool Launch Check-In
- 6. MA Renewals

#### Clinic Closures

- Received impact list from claims
- Having our Data Analysts add information to report (CC name, utilization, county, high cost, language, race/ethnicity) for easier prioritization
- Impacted MSHO/MSC+ members will be communicated to you

# Transitional HRA

- Shared with Jodi this week
- Start using for new August enrollees/program changes
- Complete comprehensive assessment and care plan if there have been significant changes OR you did not receive all of the required documentation

# PCA Process Updates

#### BS CC to:

 Mail PCA assess to member
 (If completing a remote assessment, include an extra copy of the signature page)

• Fax MD Comm form to PCP

• Email PCA assessment to medicalpolicy@healthpartners.com

Auth dates will be for 1 year and align with next HRA date

# Housing Stabilization Services (HSS)

A New DHS Medicaid Benefit

## When

• Went live 7/20/2020

# What is "HSS"?

- Supportive service addressing housing needs for Medicaid program populations (NOT MinnesotaCare/MnSure) who qualify
  - MSHO/MSC+
  - SNBC
  - PMAP
- Main service components include:
  - Transition Services
  - Sustaining Services
- This is a state plan Medicaid benefit **NOT** a waiver benefit
  - Does not count towards case mix cap

# Purpose of HSS

- Support an individual's transition into housing
- Increase long-term stability in housing in the community
- Avoid future periods of homelessness or institutionalization.

First service in the nation that links housing stability/homelessness to someone's overall health and wellbeing

"Access to safe, quality, affordable housing-and the supports necessary to maintain that housing- constitute one of the most basic and powerful social determinants of health"- Corporation for Supportive Housing (CSH)

High prevalence of serious health conditions among homeless population

Lack of access to housing can lead to extended stays in healthcare institutions

Access to safe, quality, affordable housing - and the supports necessary to maintain that housing - constitute one of the most basic and powerful social determinants of health. (CSH)

Lack of stable housing has a negative impact on health

A move to stable housing can result in a decrease in emergency services and an increase in primary care use

Making the connection: Housing and Health

# 2 CoreServices

#### TRANSITION SERVICES

## Community supports that help people plan for, find, and move into housing.

- Creating a housing transition plan, including helping a person understand and develop a budget.
- Assisting with the housing search and application process.
- Identifying and assisting in resolving barriers to accessing housing, including identifying resources to cover moving expenses, deposits, application fees, etc.
- Securing additional services, benefits and resources to support housing.
- Helping a person organize their move and ensuring the new living arrangement is safe and ready for move-in.

#### **SUSTAINING SERVICES**

## Community supports that help a person maintain housing.

- Creating a housing stabilization plan.
- Education on roles, rights, and responsibilities of the tenant and property manager, including training on being a good tenant, lease compliance, and household management.
- Coaching to develop and maintain key relationships with property managers and neighbors.
- Advocacy with community resources to prevent eviction when housing is at risk.
- Prevention and early identification of behaviors that may jeopardize continued housing.
- Assistance with maintaining services and supports, including applying for benefits to retain housing.
- Supporting the building of natural housing supports and resources in the community.

### Member Qualifications

#### Medical Assistance recipient who is 18 years old or older



All Medicaid products EXCEPT MinnesotaCare

MSHO/MSC+ Members automatically qualify if they meet the criteria in the LTCC

# Target population: Who will benefit from these services?

# Person's Targeted



Youth, 18yo, temporarily staying with family after a stay at an Intensive Residential Treatment facility due to bipolar disorder



Senior living in an emergency shelter and suffering from chronic lung disease and diabetes

Any MSHO/MSC+ mbr who meets the criteria in the LTCC

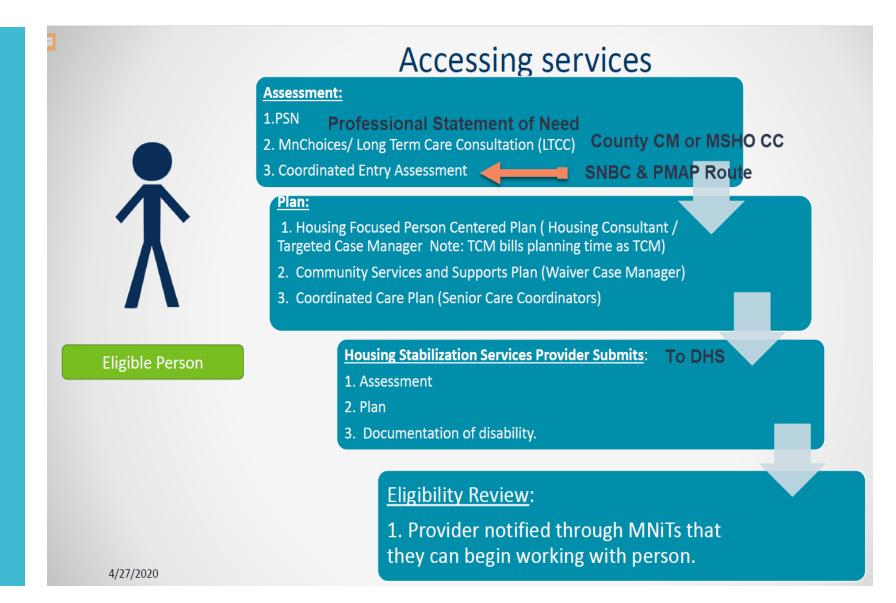


A person with a developmental disability and living in a corporate foster care and wants to live independently.



Mom living in apartment with her two kids, but facing eviction within the next month due to behaviors related to her mental illness and substance use

# Accessing Housing Stabilization Services



## Step 1 Assessment

Professional Statement of Need	LTCC /MnCHOICES Assessment	Coordinated Entry assessment
Completed by a clinician who can certify proof of disability.	MSHO/MSC+, other waivered programs  *non-waivered members are eligible for HSS, but need to be assessed using the LTCC	SNBC & PMAP (for persons experiencing homelessness)

### LTCC Assessed Need

Requires assistance due to their dependency <u>OR LIMITATION</u> in one of the following areas:

- Communication
- Mobility
- Decision-making
- Managing challenging behaviors

#### **Housing Risk**

- Homelessness
- At risk for homelessness (including could become homeless without continued housing services)
- Institutionalized- currently or the last 6 months
- Eligible for waiver

#### Ba.16 My current housing type:

LTC SD 32



01 Homeless 04 Board & Lodge 11 NF/Certified Boarding Care 02 ICF/DD 05 Foster Care 12 Noncertified Boarding Care 03 Hospital 09 Own Home, Apartment 16 Correctional facility

#### Ba.18 Who do you currently live with?

LTC SD 27



01 Living alone 02 Living with spouse/parents 03 Living with family/friend/ significant other	04 Living in congregate setting 05 Homeless 06 Would live alone/be homeless without current housing type
---	--

# Minnesota's Definition of Homelessness

An individual or family is considered homeless when they lack a fixed, adequate nighttime residence (note that 'couch surfers' are homeless)

At-risk of homelessness occurs when (a) the individual or family is faced with a situation or set of circumstances likely to cause the household to become homeless, including but not limited to: doubled-up living arrangements where the individual's name is not on a lease, living in a condemned building without a place to move, having arrears in rent/utility payments, receiving an eviction notice without a place to move and/or living in a temporary or transitional housing that carries time limits; or (b) the person, previously homeless, will be discharged from a correctional, medical, mental health or substance use disorder treatment center, and lacks sufficient resources to pay for housing, and does not have a permanent place to live.

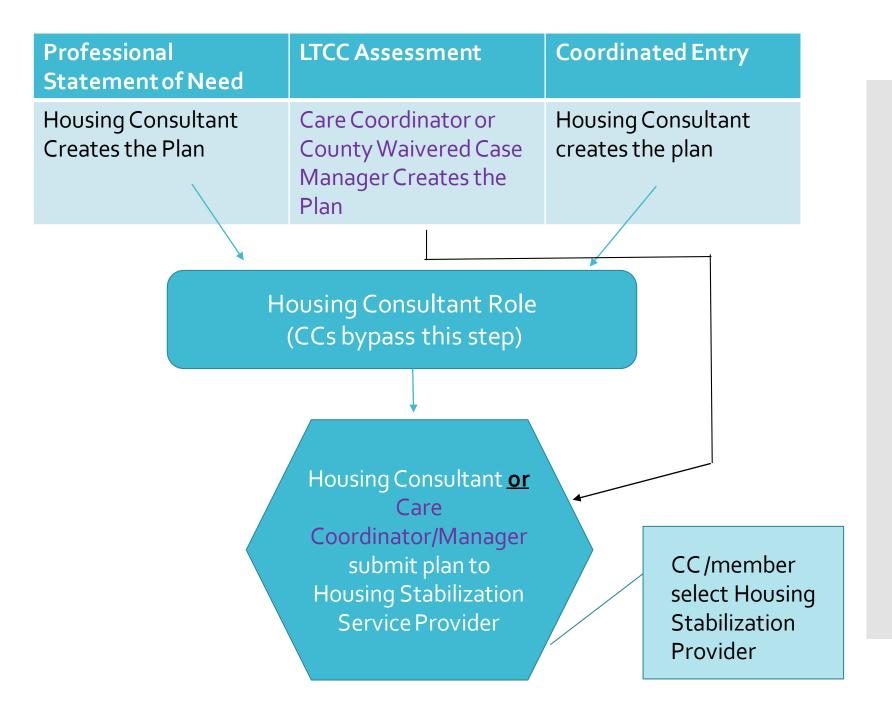
# Step 2 The Care Plan

Everyone receiving HSS will be required to have a person centered service plan. The person-centered planning process must:

- Be driven by the individual
- Include the person's strengths, interests, wants as well as what supports they need, and
- Help the person make an informed choice about their housing stabilization provider

Your care plans meet these requirements

# Who Creates the Care Plan?



# Care Plans & CarePartner

- MSHO Goal needs to indicate of Housing Stabilization Services.
  - Housing Stabilization Services Transition
  - Housing Stabilization Services Sustaining
- Create a goal for HSS depending on type of service:
  - Transition Goal (moving from a less restrictive setting): Move to a less restrictive setting;
  - Transition Goal (no current housing): Obtain permanent housing
  - Sustaining Goal: Will maintain current housing
- CC Intervention: CC Referral to housing provider
- Member Action: Accept services and work with housing provider

## Provider Signature

- It's needed. Modifying the signature sheets.
- Collaborative Care Plan will be updated

☐ I CHOOSE TO SHARE MY CARE PLAN INFORMATION WITH THE FOLLOWING EW PROVIDERS:					
Provider:				EW/HCBS	
	Complete Care Plan	Partial Care Plan	None	LW/TICDS	
Provider:					
	Complete Care Plan	Partial Care Plan	None		
Provider:					
	Complete Care Plan	Partial Care Plan	None		
Provider:					
	Complete Care Plan	Partial Care Plan	None		
Provider:					
	Complete Care Plan	Partial Care Plan	None		
☐ I CHOOSE NOT TO SHARE MY CARE PLAN WITH ANY ELDERLY WAIVER SERVICE PROVIDERS					
NOT APPLICABLE (Non-Waiver)					

# Side Step Housing Consultation Provider

- Required to use one if not in MSHO/MSC+ or other waiver
- Creates Housing Focused Person Centered Plan
- Submits plan, and documentation of disability to DHS
- Refers to a Housing Stabilization Provider
- Monitors and updates the plan annually or more frequently if the person requests a plan change, experiences a change in circumstance or wants to change housing stabilization provider

## Side Step Provider Enrollment

#### **DHS Enrolled HSS Providers**



## Side Step Rates/Codes

Service Description	Rate	Procedure Code	Unit
Housing Consultation	\$174.22	T2024	Per session
Housing Transition	\$17.17	H2015 U8	Per 15-minute unit
Housing Sustaining	\$17.17	H2015 U8/TS	Per 15-minute unit

# End of Referral Process

• You are done with the referral process at this point

## Step 3: Submission of Plan to DHS

 Housing Stabilization Service Provider submits your care plan to DHS for approval

• Per DHS, MSHO/MSC+ care plans will be automatically approved

## Step 4: DHS Notification to Providers

 Housing Stabilization Services provider is notified through MnITS that they can begin services

# Behind the Scenes: Ongoing DHS Notification Process

- DHS will send a notification via MN-ITs to health plans when any of these events occur:
  - A person is eligible for HSS- a PSN or Coordinated Entry assessment is received OR county/previous health plan initiated HSS process
  - A person changes HSS providers.
  - The person-centered plan is updated
  - DHS grants an additional 150 hours of HSS Transition or Sustaining service
- Notifications are PDF letters that also go to providers.
  - Include the Client Name, DOB, PMI Number, HSS Eligibility Start and End Date, Person-Centered Plan start and end date, Name and NPI of the Housing Consultation Provider, Name and NPI of the Housing Stabilization Services Provider.
- We will receive a monthly report from Government Programs with the above information

# Impacts to Other Services

- Transitional Care/Relocation: Can not be used along with Relocation/Transition Services. Duplication
- ILS: Not a duplication for 1x/year MA recertification paperwork
  - 257 ILS S&Is for monthly assistance
  - Bill pay, housing search, paperwork
- Moving Home Minnesota- duplication
- My Move Plan- continue to use/complete this form

#### Other

- Interpreter services covered
- Transportation covered and provided to and from meetings for HSS. Available through Ride Care

## RS Tool Launch

Check-in

## MA Renewals: DHS Health Emergency Extension



#### **Housing Stabilization Services**

The Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS) received notification from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) that the federal public health emergency was extended on July 24, 2020, for an additional 90 days.

#### What this means for Housing Stabilization Services:

- Conflict of interest requirements remain waived
- Signature of person and provider on the person-centered plan remain waived
- State oversight of the home and community-based settings requirements remains waived, although providers are still expected to comply with the standard.
- No limit on remote support and are working on revised limits during COVID
- Although conflict of interest requirements are waived, and providers aren't applying to the state for conflict of interest waivers, best practice is to have a separation of assessment/planning and service delivery within the same organization. See information about the guidelines in the policy manual under Conflict of Interest Requirements and Exception.

CMS will notify DHS when the COVID-19 public health emergency has ended. Upon conclusion of the public health emergency, DHS will notify Housing Stabilization Services providers that the home and community-based services requirements are reinstated and provide a timeline for compliance.

## Questions?



